WORTH THE EFFORT

THE SELF-REGULATION OF DESIRABLE DIFFICULTIES

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SELF-REGULATION



Workplace Wellbeing Life satisfaction





SUBJECTIVE EXPERIENCES









Nelson & Narens (1990), Nelson (1994)

















Dunlosky, Mueller, Thiede (2016) De Bruin, Dunlosky, & Cavalcanti (2017)







MONITORING IMPROVING SELF-REGULATION THROUGH DIAGNOSTIC CUE USE









COGNITIVE LOAD OF SELF-REGULATION

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EXPERIENCED LEARNING ≠ ACTUAL LEARNING





EARLI Emerging Field Group 'Monitoring and Regulation of Effort'







Approach:

- Development of a theoretical framework integrating SRL and CLT
- Joint/multilab pilot research (sponsored by Jacobs Foundation)
- Open science & sharing where possible
- Room for junior researchers to grow











The central role of PERCEIVED EFFORT

- Effort is continuously experienced and monitored (passive load; datadriven).
- Effort is actively and dynamically regulated (active load; goal-driven)
- Perceived effort is biased, heuristic, a type of metacognitive judgment (Scheiter, Ackerman, Hoogerheide, 2020).
 - \rightarrow Biased by non-diagnostic cue use
 - \rightarrow Is a cue for perceived learning









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Regulation towards effortful, but desirable difficulties



Task-based effort relates to regulation of learning



Luotong Hui



Direct effect is significant. c' = -5.00, [-.64, -.36] Indirect effect is not significant. m = -.11, [-.25, .03]





Perceived effort and learning across time



Erdem Onan



time × strategy F(1, 1498) = 135.22, p < .01 time × strategy F(1, 1498) = 260.81 , p < .01



COGNITIVE LOAD OF SELF-REGULATION



Perceived Learning



Learning strategy choices change across time



On-task experience increased the use of interleaved practice, χ^2 (1) = 18.481, asymp. *P* < .001











SELF-REGULATION OF DESIRABLE DIFFICULTIES: EFFORT!

How can students self-regulate their (perceived) effort & learning when effort is high, but learning is effective?











	ACCEPT effort	REDUCE effort	SILENCE effort
STRATEGY LEVEL			
TASK LEVEL			
LEARNER LEVEL			





	ACCEPT effort	REDUCE effort	SILENCE effort
STRATEGY LEVEL	Educate about learning strategies (LS) and desirable difficulties (DD)		
TASK LEVEL			
LEARNER LEVEL		_	





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TASK LEVEL	Experience LS and DD		
LEARNER LEVEL			





	ACCEPT effort	REDUCE effort	SILENCE effort
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	ACCEPT effort	REDUCE effort	SILENCE effort
STRATEGY LEVEL	Educate about learning strategies (LS) and desirable difficulties (DD)		
TASK LEVEL	Experience LS and DD	Segmenting task	
LEARNER LEVEL	Motivation regulation strategies	_	





	ACCEPT effort	REDUCE effort	SILENCE effort
STRATEGY LEVEL	Educate about learning strategies (LS) and desirable difficulties (DD)		
TASK LEVEL	Experience LS and DD	Segmenting task, decrease time left	
LEARNER LEVEL	Motivation regulation strategies	Self-segmenting task, take breaks, teleo anticipation	





	ACCEPT effort	REDUCE effort	SILENCE effort
STRATEGY LEVEL	Educate about learning strategies (LS) and desirable difficulties (DD)		
TASK LEVEL	Experience LS and DD	Segmenting task, decrease time left	
LEARNER LEVEL	Motivation regulation strategies	Self-segmenting task, take breaks, teleo anticipation	Increase importance (e.g., procrastinate)





IMPROVING SELF-REGULATION THROUGH DIAGNOSTIC CUE USE



EXPERIENCED LEARNING ≠ ACTUAL LEARNING

ALL SCIENCE IS TEAM SCIENCE

PERCEIVED EFFORT AFFECTS SELF-REGULATION

ACCEPT, REDUCE, OR SILENCE EFFORT





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