

# Effective feedback through learning analytics **dashboards**

Workshop  
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Effective feedback through learning analytics dashboards is

**grounded: based on research**

4 levels of feedback (Hattie & Timperley, 2007)

1. Task and products
2. Process
3. Self-regulation
4. Self

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Self-regulated learning (Zimmerman, 1990)

- Learners are active participants in their learning.
- Cyclical process: goal setting, performing, self-evaluation
- Most common theoretical background for dashboards (Jivet et al., 2017)

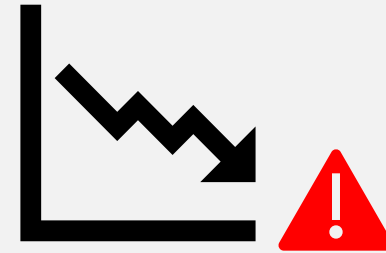
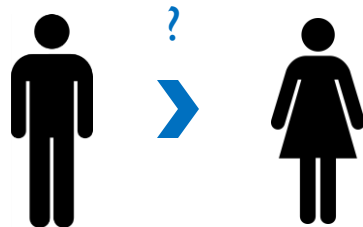
Effective feedback through learning analytics dashboards is

**actionable:** guides users to action



Warning!  
Male students have 10% less  
probability to be successful.  
You are male.

➤ action?



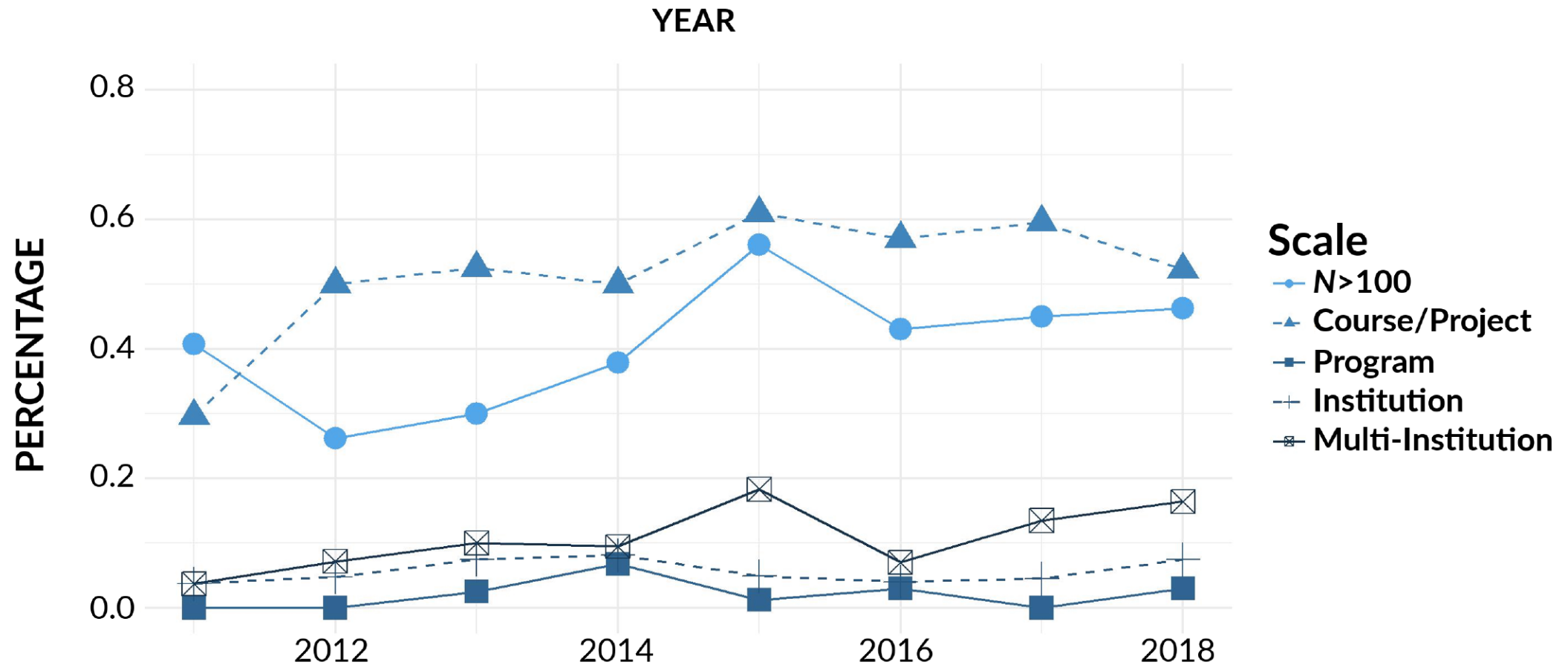
Warning!  
Your online activity is  
lagging behind.

➤ action?



Effective feedback through learning analytics dashboards is

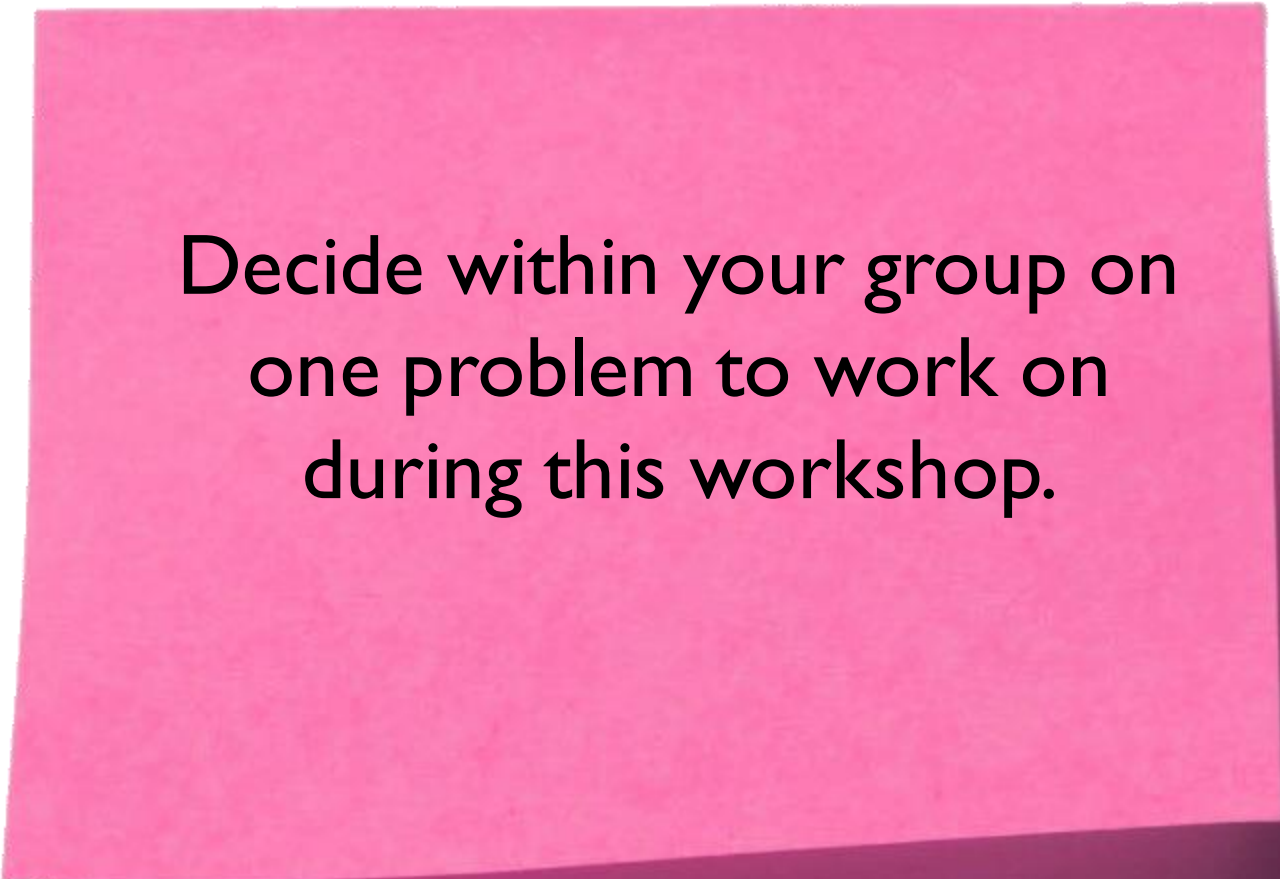
**scalable:** can be delivered to large cohorts



# Define a **problem**

Choose a problem from your daily practice or your institution where you think learning analytics can help?

# Define a **problem**

A pink rectangular sticky note with a slight shadow, tilted slightly to the right. It contains black text.

Decide within your group on  
one problem to work on  
during this workshop.



# Identify actions

What actions do you expect  
[want] to be taken after  
consulting the dashboard?

# Doodle dashboard elements

What information do you need to know in order to solve this problem?

Sketch a visualisation element to show this information.

# Plan the evaluation

How can you prove to stakeholders that you are solving the problem?

# Discuss your group **solution**



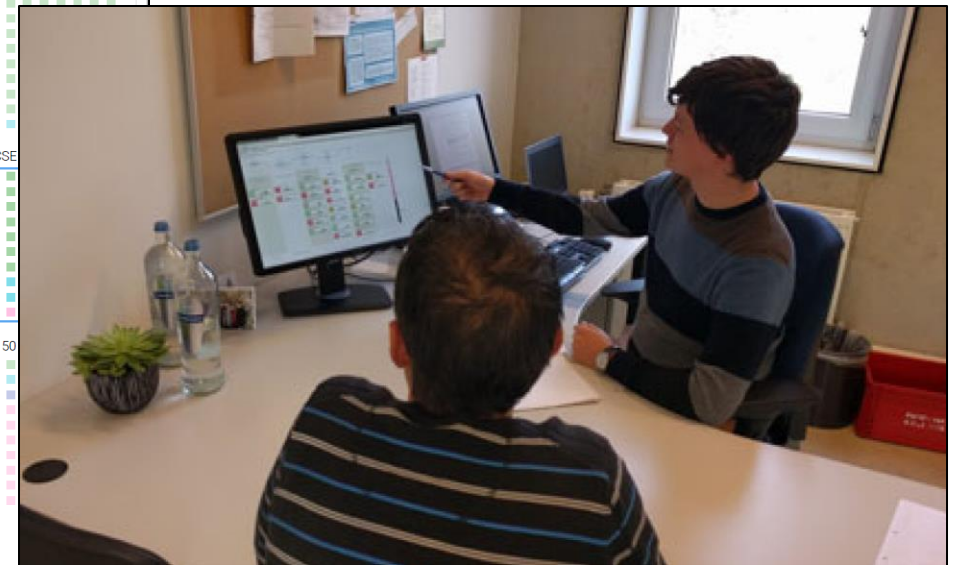


# Presentation of the group results



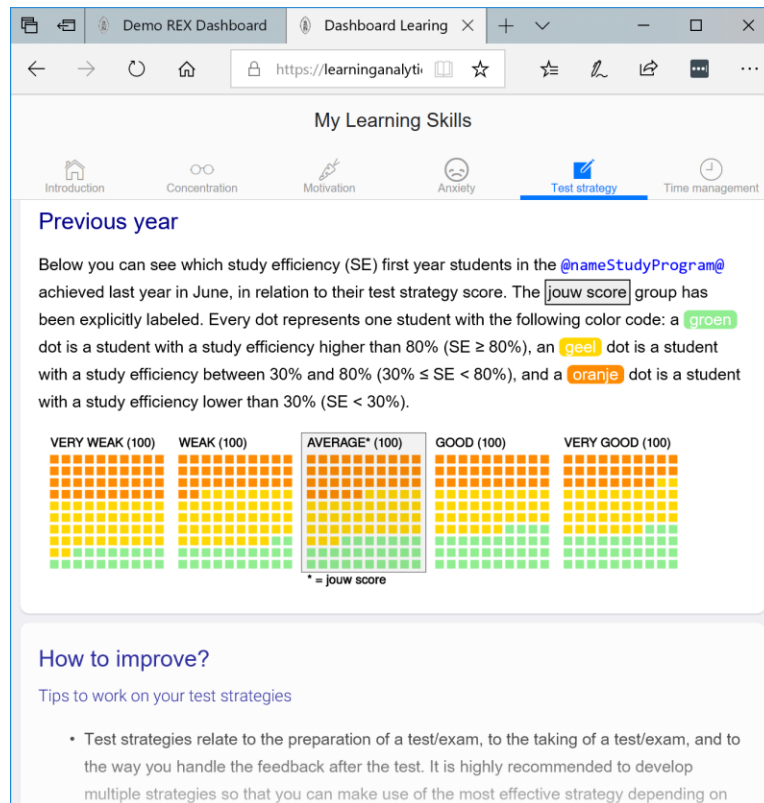
# What does research say?

## Dashboards can support conversations



# What does research say?

Dashboard usage is related to the profile of the user.



using the dashboard

Test strategy

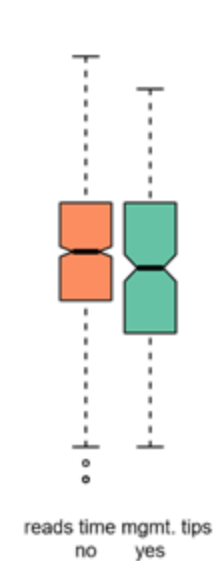
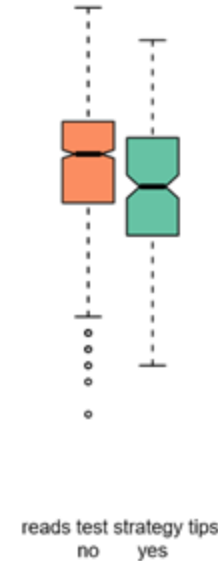
Time management



reading the tips

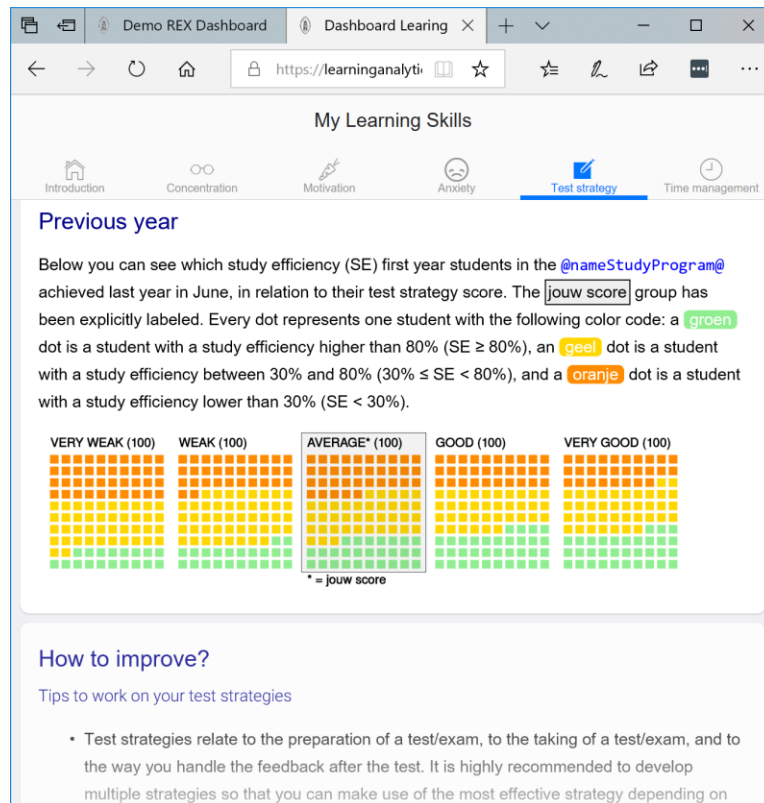
Test strategy

Time management

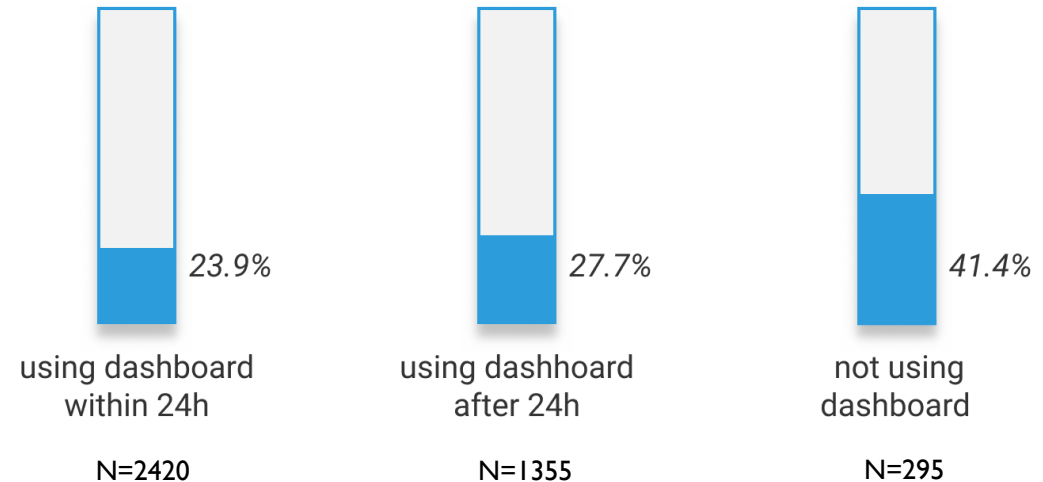


# What does research say?

Dashboard usage produces learning traces too.



Proportion of students below the 30% study efficiency threshold.

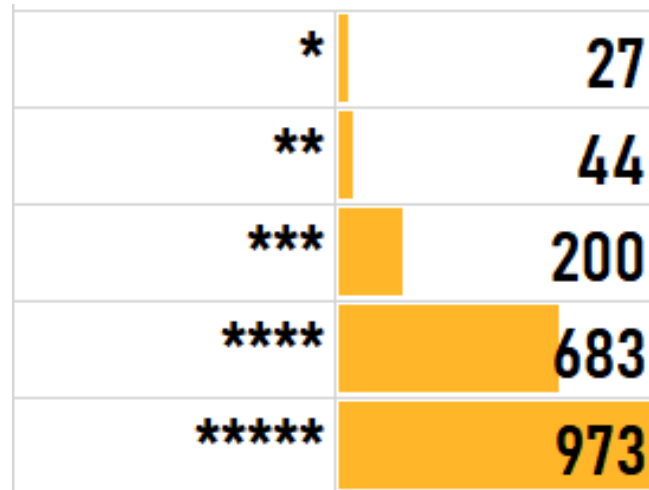




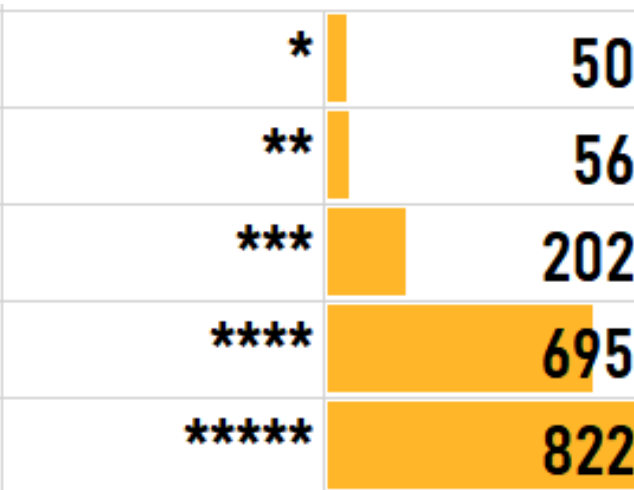
# What does research say?

Students are positive about dashboards

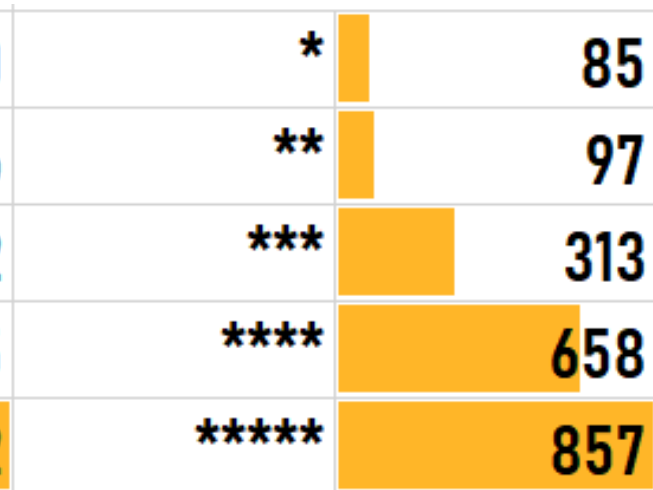
The dashboard is  
useful



The dashboard is clear,  
I understand it

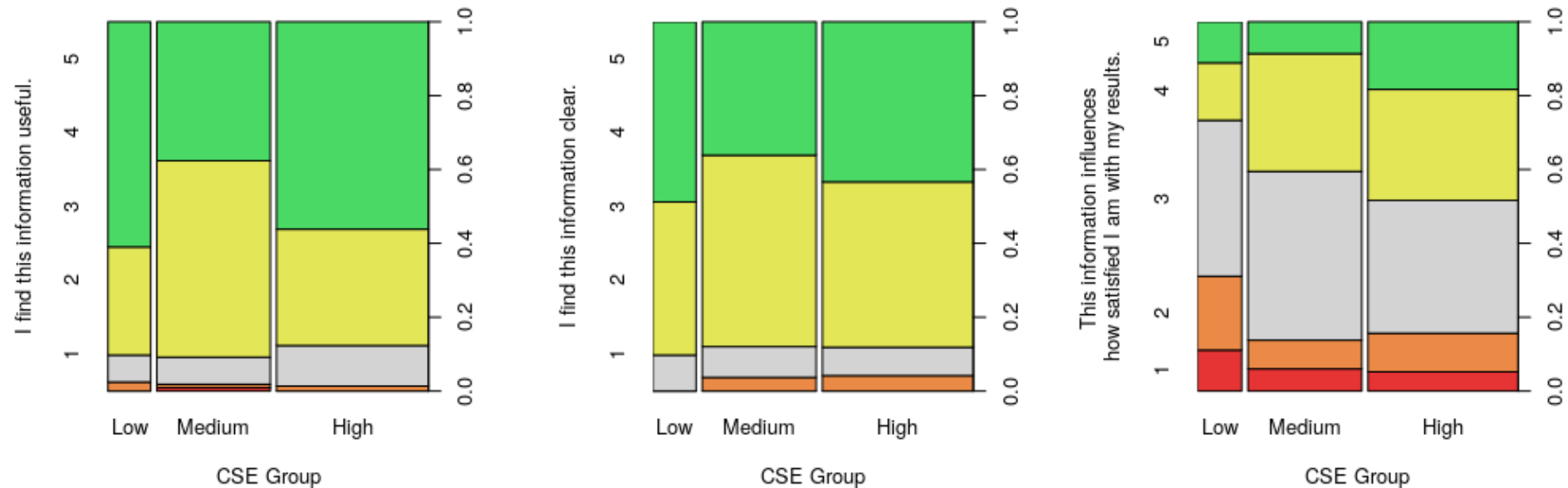


The dashboard has  
added value



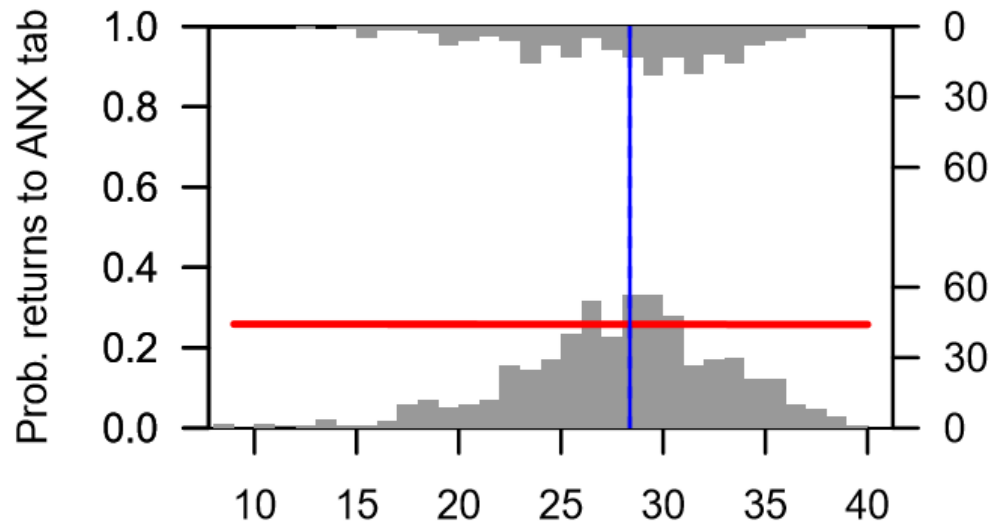
# What does research say?

It's difficult to provide good automated feedback to the middle group

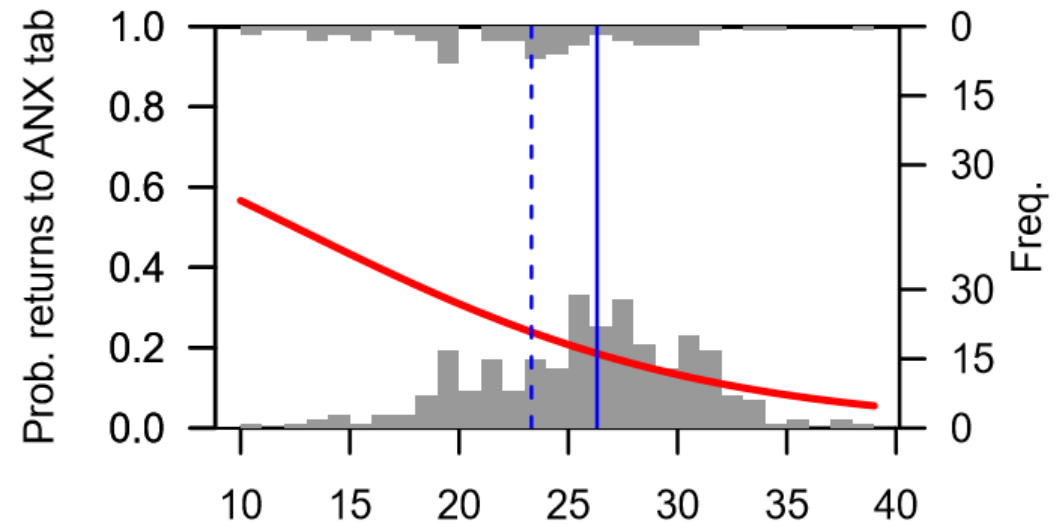


# What does research say?

## Gender interaction effects



ANX: Male

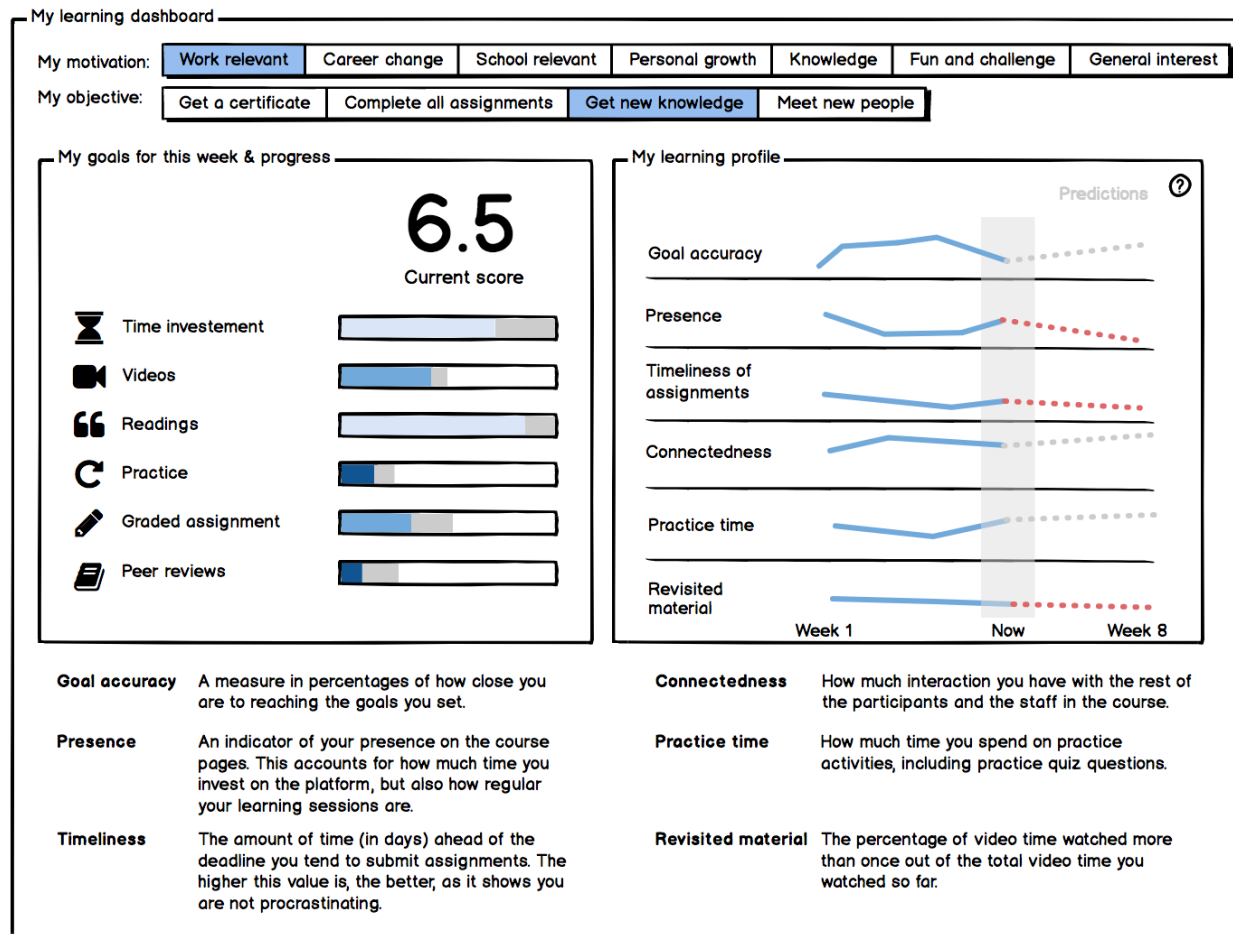


ANX: Female



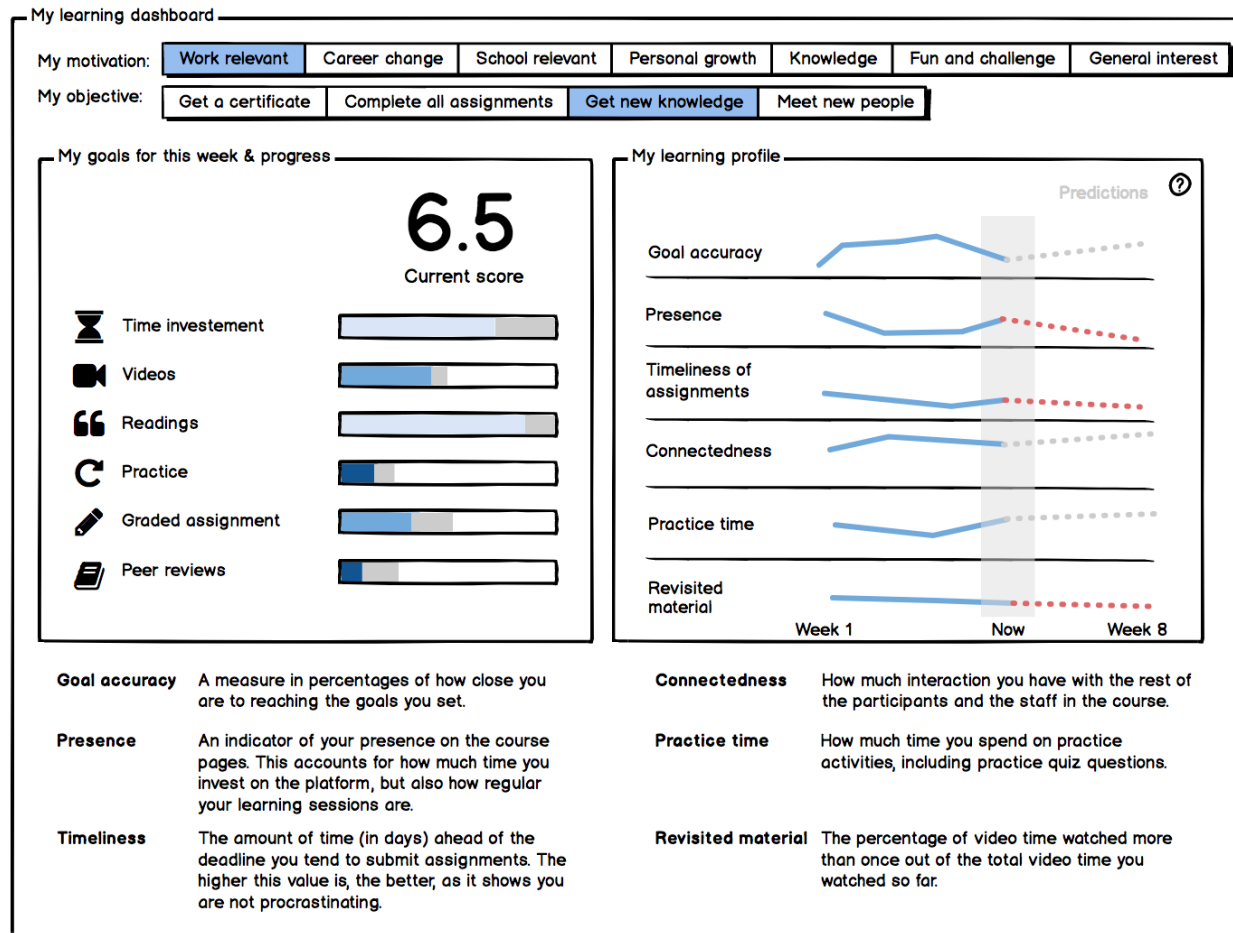
# What does research say?

## SUBTITLE



# What does research say?

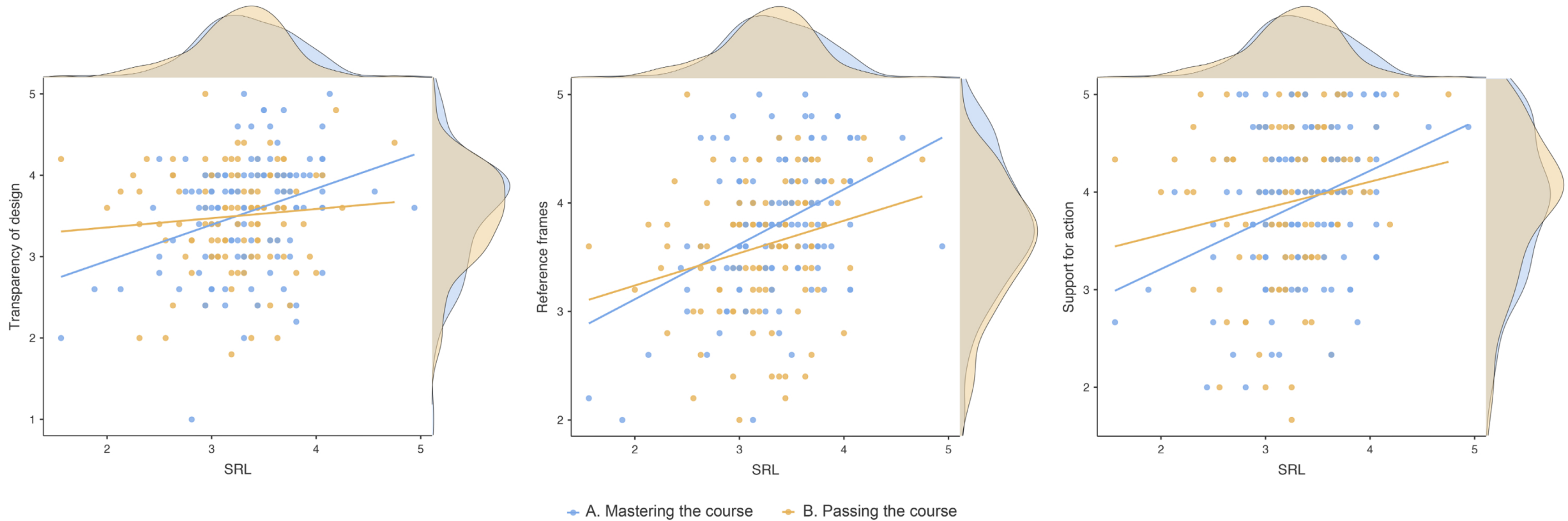
## SUBTITLE



1. Transparency of design
2. Reference frames
3. Support for action

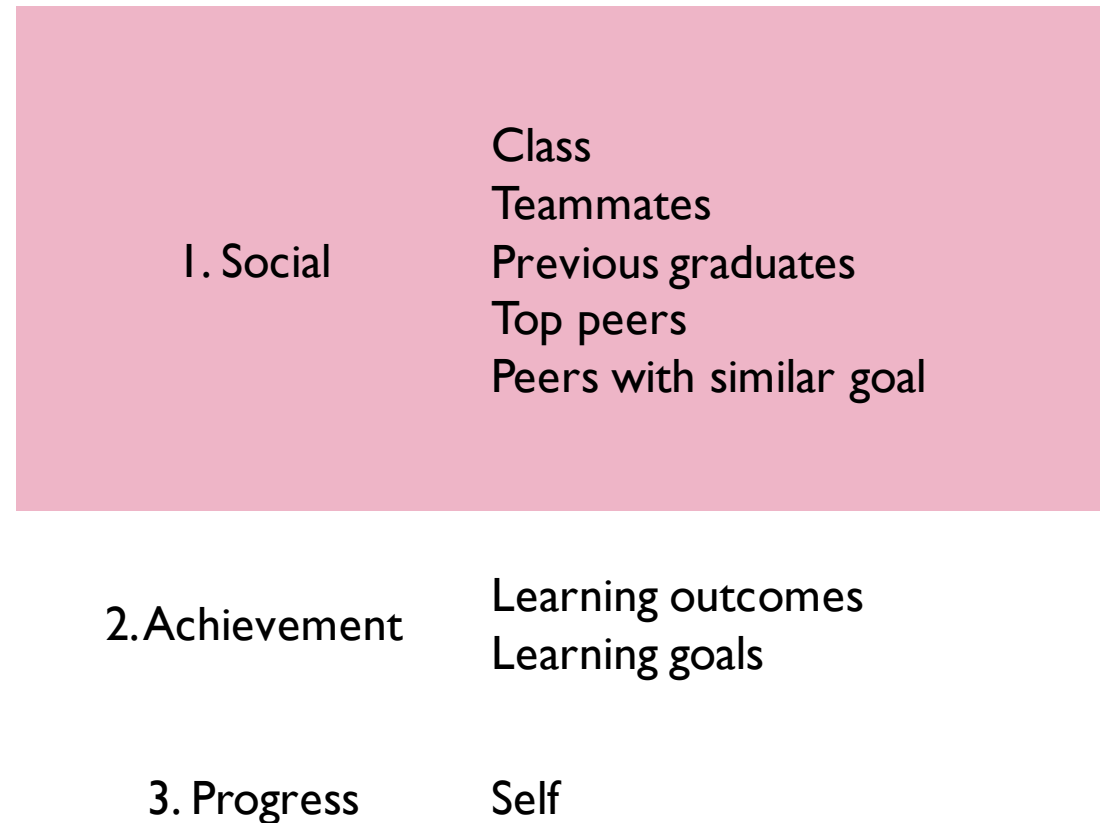
# What does research say?

## Goals and self-regulated learning

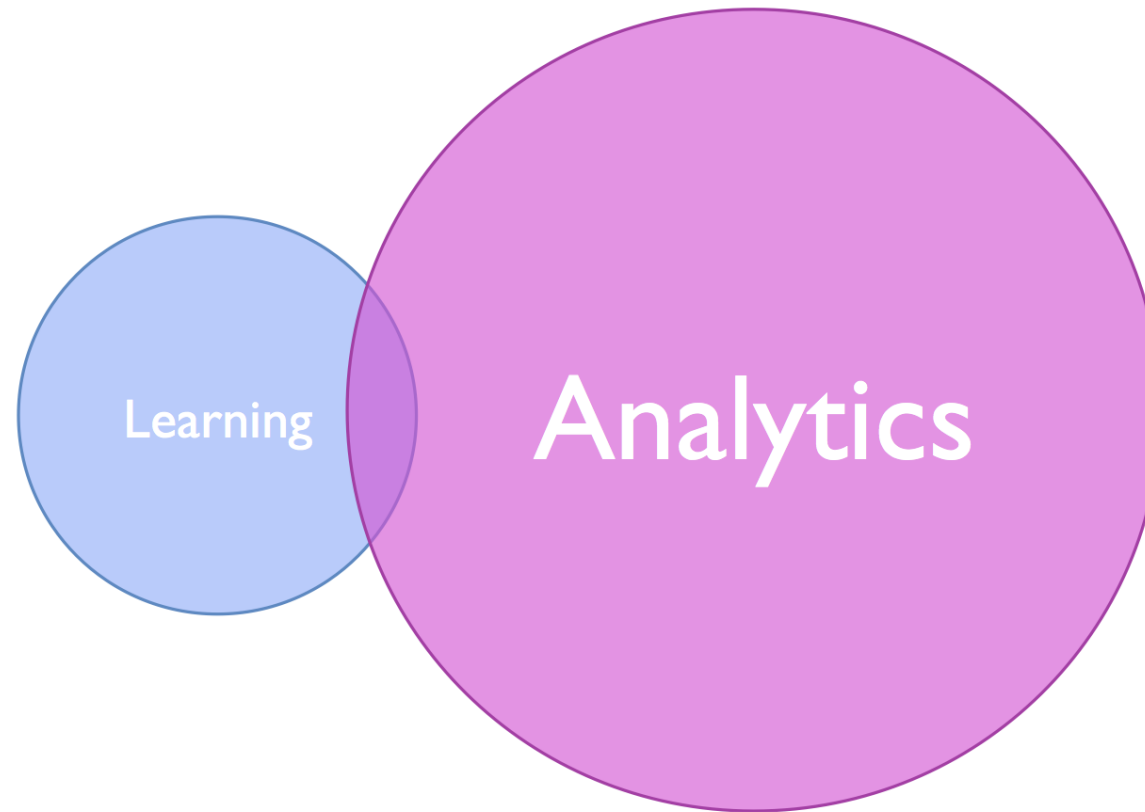


# What does research say?

## Reference frames



# What does research say?





# References

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